

## 15.1 NOTES Northern Europe

1. \_\_\_\_\_ is the world's largest island.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ is made up of Denmark, Sweden, Finland, Iceland, and Norway.
3. Greenland is mostly covered by a thick \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Many \_\_\_\_\_, narrow, deep inlets of the sea set between high, rocky cliffs, can be found in Norway.
5. The longest river in the British Isles is the \_\_\_\_\_ River, which can be found in Ireland.
6. Special \_\_\_\_\_ break the ice to keep the sea lanes to Sweden and Finland open.
7. The farms in northern Europe grow many cool-climate \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Iceland uses \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ power to supply its energy needs.
9. Much of the northern European region has a \_\_\_\_\_ climate.
10. Central Sweden and southern Finland have four true \_\_\_\_\_.

# CHAPTER 15

## Northern Europe

### SECTION 1

**Reading the Section** • As you read the section, match each term or place in the left column with its description in the right column. Write the letter of the correct description in the space provided.

- |                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| _____ 1. Greenland             | a. Country that lies on the Jutland Peninsula and nearby islands             |
| _____ 2. Denmark               | b. Warm ocean current in northern Europe                                     |
| _____ 3. Iceland               | c. Longest river in the British Isles  |
| _____ 4. fjord                 | d. Narrow, deep inlet of the sea between high, rocky cliffs                  |
| _____ 5. loch                  | e. Ice-free body of water that is especially important for trade and fishing |
| _____ 6. Shannon               | f. One country from which northern Europe imports oil and natural gas        |
| _____ 7. North Sea             | g. Country that is mountainous and volcanic and that has geysers             |
| _____ 8. Baltic Sea            | h. Sea that freezes over during the winter months                            |
| _____ 9. Russia                | i. World's largest island  |
| _____ 10. North Atlantic Drift | j. Scottish term for a lake in a valley carved by a glacier long ago         |

**Reviewing Facts** • For each of the following, circle the letter of the *best* choice.

- A humid continental climate can be found in
  - eastern Greenland and Iceland.
  - Denmark and western Ireland.
  - central Sweden and southern Finland.
  - Scotland and southern Norway.
- Which of the following climates exists in northern Europe?
  - humid subtropical
  - subarctic
  - desert
  - savanna
- The westerly winds that blow over the North Atlantic Drift cause
  - typhoons and extreme heat.
  - droughts and sandstorms.
  - hurricanes and blizzards.
  - rain and mild temperatures.
- Much of northern Europe has a
  - marine west coast climate.
  - humid continental climate.
  - tundra climate.
  - subarctic climate.
- Why do only small plants grow in northern Europe's tundra region?
  - The summers are too long.
  - There is not enough water.
  - The area is cold all year.
  - The region has short winters.
- Forested subarctic regions of northern Europe have
  - long springs with short days.
  - short summers with long days.
  - long falls with short days.
  - long winters with long days.

15.2 NOTES  
UNITED KINGDOM

1. The last people to conquer the British Isles were the \_\_\_\_\_.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ is the largest city in the United Kingdom today.
3. Three early industries in the United Kingdom were \_\_\_\_\_ (cloth products), shipbuilding, and iron and steel.
4. Laws in the United Kingdom are made by a \_\_\_\_\_.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ is the official language of the United Kingdom.
6. The popular meal of fish and chips consists of fried \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ % of the world's land area was controlled by the British Empire in 1900.
8. One area of Scotland is called Silicon Glen because of its \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ businesses.
9. 1% of the labor force in the United Kingdom works in \_\_\_\_\_.
10. \_\_\_\_\_ has been the source of much violence in Northern Ireland.

**CHAPTER  
15****Northern Europe****SECTION 2**

**Reading the Section** • As you read the section, circle the boldface word or phrase that *best* completes each statement below.

1. The last group of people to arrive in Britain were the **Normans** / Saxons.
2. By 1900 the British Empire covered nearly **one half** / one fourth of the world's land area.
3. The United Kingdom's early industries were powered by **electricity** / coal.
4. In the United Kingdom the **parliament** / king or queen makes the country's laws.
5. The United Kingdom today is home to nearly **60** / 260 million people.
6. **Welsh** / English is the official language of the United Kingdom.
7. The British people enjoy fish and chips, or fried fish and **tomatoes** / potatoes.
8. In June of every year the British celebrate the **prime minister's** / queen's birthday.
9. The United Kingdom's capital and largest city is **London** / Belfast.
10. **Race** / Religion has been the cause of much violence in Northern Ireland.

**Understanding Ideas** • Fill in the blanks with the word, phrase, or place that correctly completes each sentence.

1. The Scottish term for valley is \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Modern \_\_\_\_\_ in Britain produce approximately 60 percent of the country's food.
3. Glasgow, Cardiff, and Belfast are cities in Scotland, \_\_\_\_\_, and Northern Ireland.
4. The majority of Britons live in \_\_\_\_\_ areas.
5. Violence in \_\_\_\_\_ has been a difficult problem for the United Kingdom.

6. The \_\_\_\_\_ Sea has oil and natural gas reserves.
7. Most former British colonies are members of the British Commonwealth of \_\_\_\_\_.
8. \_\_\_\_\_, England, is the largest city in and capital of the United Kingdom.
9. Many Roman Catholics in Northern Ireland want their country to join the \_\_\_\_\_ of Ireland.
10. An area in \_\_\_\_\_ is called Silicon Glen because it has many electronics and computer businesses.
11. In Northern Ireland, the Roman Catholic minority and \_\_\_\_\_ majority have disagreements.
12. Northern Ireland is also called \_\_\_\_\_.
13. Many British work in \_\_\_\_\_ industries, including insurance, education, banking, and tourism.
14. The United Kingdom is a leading member of the European Union, the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, and the \_\_\_\_\_.
15. The city of \_\_\_\_\_ is popular with tourists because of its famous historical sites, theaters, and shops.

**Understanding Culture** • Complete the chart below by providing one example of the United Kingdom's culture in each category shown.

<b>Languages</b>	
<b>Religions</b>	
<b>Foods</b>	
<b>Festivals</b>	
<b>Literature</b>	
<b>Music</b>	

15.3 NOTES  
REPUBLIC OF IRELAND

1. The country of \_\_\_\_\_ conquered Ireland in the A.D. 1100s.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ and Irish \_\_\_\_\_, a Celtic language, are the official languages of Ireland.
3. In the 1840s, a poor economy and a \_\_\_\_\_ forced millions of Irish people to leave Ireland for other countries, including the United States.
4. All ties between the \_\_\_\_\_ of Ireland and the \_\_\_\_\_ Empire were cut in 1949.
5. Much of Ireland is covered with \_\_\_\_\_, soft ground soaked with water.
6. Music is so important in Ireland that the Irish \_\_\_\_\_ is a national symbol.
7. More than 90% of the people living in Ireland today are members of the \_\_\_\_\_ religion.
8. St. \_\_\_\_\_ is believed to have brought Christianity to Ireland in the 400s, and in his honor March 17 is a national holiday in Ireland.
9. Ireland's membership in the \_\_\_\_\_ has greatly helped its economy.
10. Ireland's capital and largest city is \_\_\_\_\_.

CHAPTER  
**15**

# Northern Europe

**SECTION 3**

**Identifying Time Periods** • Fill in the blanks with a time period from the list below. One of the answers will not be used.

- |            |      |      |            |
|------------|------|------|------------|
| A.D. 1100s | 1916 | 1949 | 1990       |
| 1840s      | 1921 | 1973 | late 1990s |

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Irish rebels attacked British troops during the Easter Rising.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. All ties between Britain and the Republic of Ireland were cut.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Irish voters elected a woman to be their president for the first time.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Housing prices rapidly increased as the Irish moved to urban areas.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Ireland was conquered by England.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Most of Ireland gained independence.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. A poor economy and a potato famine forced millions of Irish to leave Ireland.

**Organizing Ideas** • Write your responses in the space provided.

1. Describe the current government of Ireland: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

2. Name the official languages of Ireland: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

3. Provide an example of Irish culture that has become popular in other countries: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

4. Identify the main religion in Ireland: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Section 3 • For each of the following, circle the letter of the best choice.**

1. Ireland was conquered by  
a. Finland.                      b. England.                      c. Scotland.                      d. Wales.
2. Hurling is a popular Irish  
a. religion.                      b. sport.                      c. language.                      d. island.
3. Ireland has a parliament and a  
a. congress.                      b. monarch.                      c. dictator.                      d. president.
4. Modern Ireland's economy is based on  
a. bogs.                      b. shipping.                      c. industry.                      d. potatoes.
5. Many Irish were driven from Ireland by  
a. storms.                      b. Celts.                      c. famine.                      d. Francs.
6. James Joyce is a famous Irish  
a. writer.                      b. painter.                      c. politician.                      d. king.
7. The Easter Rising occurred in  
a. 1916.                      b. 1945.                      c. 1800.                      d. 1776.
8. Ireland's official languages are English and  
a. Celtic.                      b. Gaelic.                      c. Welsh.                      d. Norman.

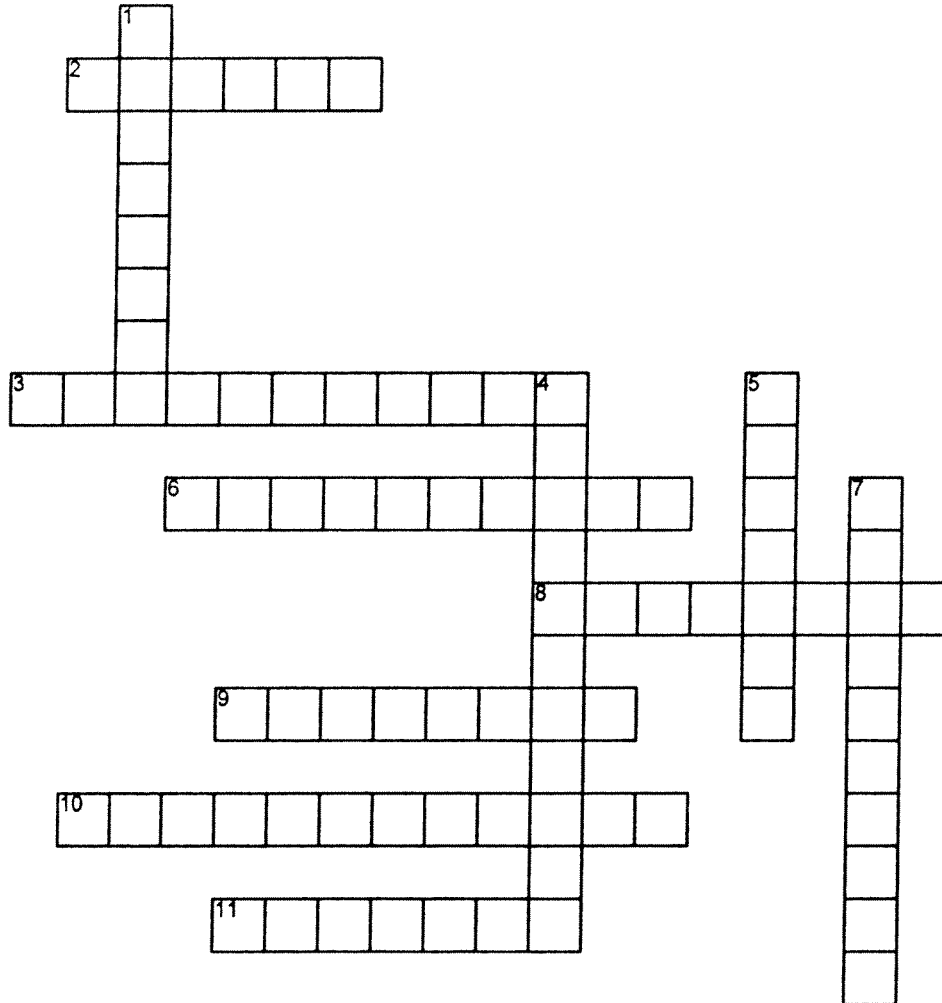
**Identifying Ideas • Match each description with the correct term, phrase, or place at the right. Write the letter of the correct answer in the space provided.**

- |   |                           |
|---|---------------------------|
| _____ 1. Coastal cities in Ireland                  | a. Ireland in the past    |
| _____ 2. Great shortage of food                     | b. Dublin                 |
| _____ 3. Primarily an industrial country            | c. peat                   |
| _____ 4. Soft ground soaked with water              | d. Galway and Cork        |
| _____ 5. Ireland's capital and largest city         | e. famine                 |
| _____ 6. Mainly an agricultural country             | f. Ireland in the present |
| _____ 7. Dead plants, usually mosses, used for fuel | g. bog                    |



## 15.2 United Kingdom

Complete the puzzle using the clues shown below.



### Across

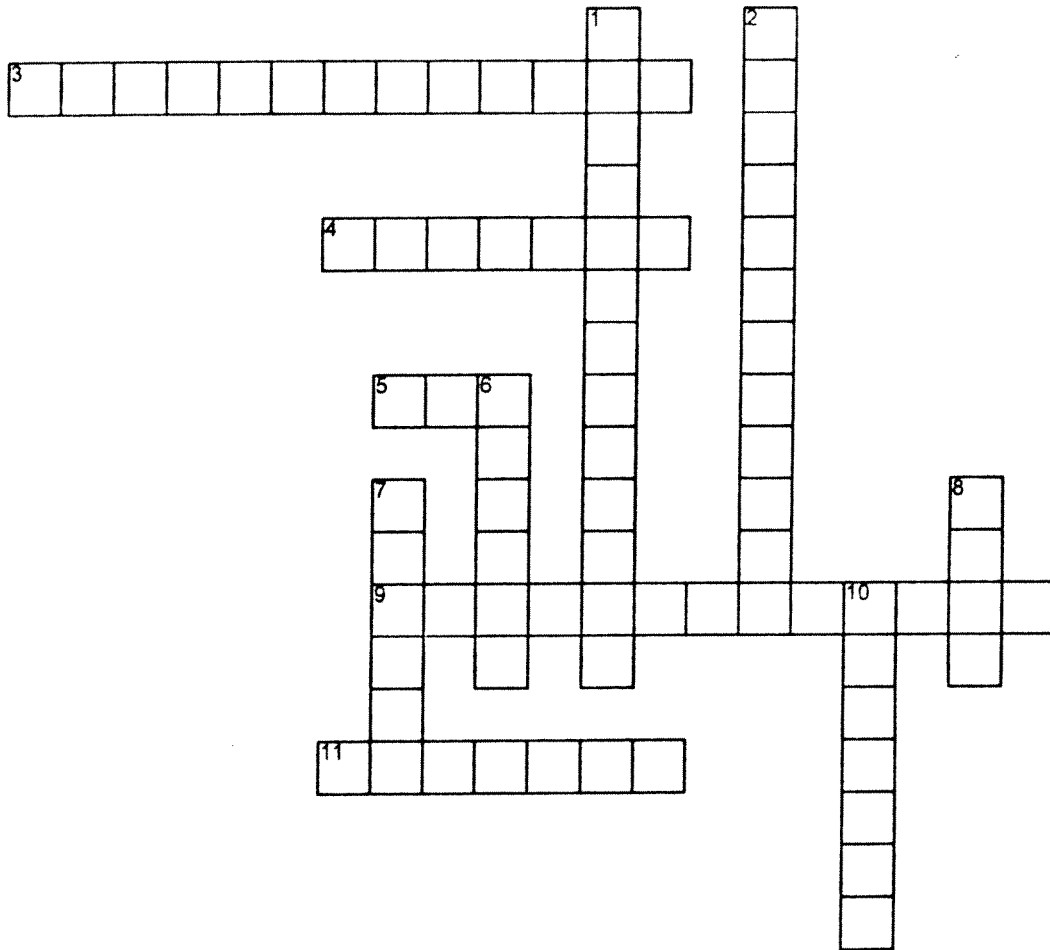
2. The largest city in the United Kingdom today and the capital.
3. 1% of the labor force in the UK works in \_\_\_\_\_.
6. This group makes the laws in the United Kingdom.
8. The UK had three early industries; shipbuilding, iron and steel, and \_\_\_\_\_.
9. The source of much violence in Northern Ireland.
10. What they call fried fish and potatoes in the UK.
11. The last people to conquer the British Isles.

### Down

1. One area of Scotland is called Silicon Glenn because of this other business.
4. One area of Scotland is called Silicon Glen because of this business.
5. The official language of the United Kingdom.
7. Percent of the world's land area that was controlled by the British Empire  
1900

## 15.3 Ireland

Complete the puzzle using the clues shown below.



### Across

3. Ireland's membership to the \_\_\_\_ greatly helped its economy.
4. Country that conquered Ireland in the 1100s.
5. The soft ground soaked with water that covers much of Ireland.
9. All ties between the Republic of Ireland and \_\_\_\_ were cut in 1949.
11. One of the official languages in Ireland.

### Down

1. The religion of more than 90% of the people living in Ireland.
2. In the 1840s, a poor economy and a \_\_\_\_\_ forced millions of Irish people to leave Ireland.
6. The official language in Ireland that is a Celtic language.
7. Ireland's capital and largest city.
8. The national musical symbol of Ireland.
10. Saint that is believed to have brought Christianity to Ireland. They celeb his honor on March 17

NAME \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_

## Ireland

1. What is black pudding?
2. Name and listen to 1 U2 song.
3. Name a castle in Ireland.
4. What do people do to the Blarney Stone?
5. Name an Irish dancing show that Michael Flatley made.
6. What crystal is made in Ireland?
7. What fabric are sweaters from Ireland made of?
8. Draw a 4-leaf clover.
9. Name 3 cities in Ireland.
10. Define hurling (the sport).

NAME \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK \_\_\_\_\_

United Kingdom

1. Name and listen to 3 Beatles songs.
2. What Disney movie did Elton John write lyrics for?
3. What was the name of the Spice Girls movie?
4. What year was Queen Elizabeth II born?
5. What is the name of Prince Charles' two sons?
6. Name 3 cities in the United Kingdom.
7. What is the name of the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom?
8. Name the lead actor and actress in the movie the Quiet Man.
9. What is the Piccadilly Circus?
10. Name two Shakespeare plays?